Causes of the war of 1812

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| ImpressmentWarOf1812-forcible enlistment of sailors by Britain-some six thousand bona fide U.S. citizens were impressed Non-Intercourse Act 1809-stopped exporting to Britain and France only-intended to damage economy of Britain and France-could trade with other countries except those two-replacement of the Embargo Act of 1807Macon’s Bill no. 2-reopened exporting to all countries-if the seizure of ships and seamen happened again, America would close the exportUntil recognition of the rights of American neutral ships was reachedOrders in Council-a series of decrees issued by Britain to restrict neutral trade and enforce a naval blockade of Napoleon and his allies. -helped shaping British effort against France“War Hawks”-young hotheads from South and West who wanted a new war with the enemy-wanted to get rid of the Native AmericansTecumseh & “The Prophet”-Tecumseh and Tenskwatawa were known as “the Prophet”-weld together a far-flung confederacy of all the tribes east of the Mississippi.-inspired a vibrant movement of Indian unity and cultural renewalWilliam Henry Harrison-governor of Indiana Territory-burned the settlement of the ShawneesRepublicanism-wanted a renewed war with the enemies-they viewed the war as a test “to determine whether the republican system adopted by the people is imbecile and transient, or whether it has force and duration worthy of the enterprise.”Federalists in New England-opposed the war with Britain-they sympathized with Britain and resented the Republicans’ sympathy with Napoleon-assisted Britain by sending supplies to them |